

KHANNA & PANCHMIA

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

A Wing, First Floor, Vilco Centre, Subhash Road, Vile Parle (E), Mumbai - 400 057

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

**To the Members of
Bhimad Commercial Company Private Limited.**

Report on the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Ind AS financial statements of **Bhimad Commercial Company Private Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other comprehensive Income) the Cash Flow Statement and the statement of changes in the Equity for the year then ended and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standard prescribed under section 133 of the Act read together with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015, (Ind AS) and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2024, and its profit, total comprehensive income, its cash flows and changes in the equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Standalone Ind AS financial statements.



Information Other than the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the Standalone Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Standalone Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone Ind AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134 (5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including Other comprehensive Income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including Ind AS. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Standalone Ind AS Financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud



or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone And AS financial statements:

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone Ind AS financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the Annexure "A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March 2024 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial control over financial reporting.
 - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has not paid/provided any managerial remuneration under the provisions of section 197 read with schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013, hence reporting under section 197 of the Act is not applicable.


- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts; as such the question of commenting on any material foreseeable losses thereon does not arise;
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.



- iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (b) The Management has represented , that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding , whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether , directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries ") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11 (e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year hence no compliance is required with Section 123 of the Companies Act 2013.
- vi. Based on our examination of accounting software used by the company for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended 31st March 2024, the feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is absent in the said accounting software.

Since the audit trail is not available, preservation of audit trail as per statutory requirement for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended 31st March 2024.

For KHANNA & PANCHMIA
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
Firm Reg. No. 136041W


Ketan Panchmia
Partner
Membership No. 38985



Mumbai, 03rd May, 2024

UDIN # 24038985BKBJW7126

Annexure "A" to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in Paragraph 1 under the heading of "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report of even date)

- (i) The Company has no Property Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets hence maintaining particulars of such assets and physical verification of the same does not arise. Also, Company does not have any immovable properties. Accordingly, provisions of Clause 3(i) (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) of the Order are not applicable.
- (ii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have any inventory; hence reporting under Clause 3(ii) (a),(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, during the year, the Company has neither made any investments in, companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships, and nor granted unsecured loans to other parties. Further, the Company has not provided any guarantee or security or granted any advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Hence reporting under clause 3(iii), (iii)(a), (iii)(b), (iii)(c), (iii)(d), (iii)(e) and (iii)(f) of the Order are not applicable.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provision of Section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of grant of loans, making investments and providing guarantees and securities, as applicable.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from the public. Accordingly, Clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vi) The Cost records prescribed under Section 148(1) of the Act are not applicable to the Company and hence Clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Custom duty, Excise duty, value added tax, cess and other statutory dues as applicable with the appropriate authorities. There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Services Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income tax, Sales Tax, Customs Duty, Excise Duty, Value Added Tax, Cess and other statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they become payable.

(b) According to information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, there were no dues which have not been deposited in respect of statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) above on account of any dispute.
- (viii) There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).



- (ix) In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any loans or borrowings from bank, financial institutions and other lender hence, reporting under clause 3(ix) (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) of the order is not applicable.
- (x) (a) In our opinion and according to information and explanation given to us, the Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial Public Offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, Clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- (b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xi) (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
- (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year.
- (c) According to information and explanations given to us there were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) As the Company is not Nidhi Company, the reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements etc. as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year provisions of section 138 relating to Internal Audit System are not applicable to Company, hence, reporting under clause 3(xiv)(a) and (b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with him and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable.
- (xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



- (b) The Company has not conducted non-banking financial / housing finance activities during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (d) In our opinion, there is no Core Investment Company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash loss during the current financial year and the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the Statutory Auditors of the Company during the year.
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) Currently Provisions of Section 135(5) of the Companies Act are not applicable to the Company, hence reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable

For KHANNA & PANCHMIA
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
Firm Reg. No. 136041W

Ketan Panchmia

Ketan Panchmia
Partner
Membership No. 38985



Mumbai, 03rd May, 2024

UDIN # 24038985BKBJW7126

Annexure “B” to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in Paragraph 2(f) under the heading of "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Bhimad Commercial Company Private Limited** (“the Company”) as of March 31, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company’s management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors’ Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) and the Standards on Auditing, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of information and explanations given to us, the Company has, in all materials respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such financial controls over financial reporting are operating effectively as at March 31, 2024 based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For KHANNA & PANCHMIA
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
Firm Reg. No. 136041W



Ketan Panchmia
Partner
Membership No. 38985



Mumbai, 03rd May, 2024

UDIN # 24038985BKBJW7126

BHIMAD COMMERCIAL COMPANY PVT. LTD.

(Amount in Rs.Thousand)

Balance sheet as at 31st March, 2024

	Notes	(Rs.)	31st March, 2024 (Rs.)	31st March, 2023 (Rs.)
ASSETS				
1. Current assets				
Financial Assets				
i) Cash and cash equivalents	3	14,892.30		14,948.63
Other current assets	4	45.76	14,938.06	14,948.63
2. Non Current assets				
Other non current assets	5			9.03
		Total	14,938.06	14,957.66
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Equity				
1. Shareholders' funds				
a) Equity Share Capital	6	100.00		100.00
b) Other Equity	7	14,812.12	14,912.12	14,672.32
LIABILITIES				
3. Current liabilities				
a) Financial liabilities				
Trade payables	8			
Total outstanding dues of micro & small Enterprises		15.00		17.70
Total outstanding dues of others			15.00	17.70
b) Current tax liabilities	9		10.94	167.64
Total Equity and Liabilities	Total		14,938.06	14,957.66
Summary of significant accounting policies	2			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Khanna & Panchmia
Chartered Accountants
Firm Regn. No.: 136041W

Ketan Panchmia
Ketan Panchmia
Partner
Membership No. 038985

Mumbai
Dated : 3rd May 2024

For and on behalf of the Board

P.C. Patel
P.C. Patel
Director

DIN 01310674

B.O. Mehta

B.O. Mehta
Director

DIN 0022277

Statement of profit and loss for the year ended 31st March, 2024

	Notes	31st March 2024 (Rs.)	31st March, 2023 (Rs.)
Income			
Other income	10	657.61	1,124.98
Total income (I)		657.61	1,124.98
Expenses			
Other expenses	11	363.20	245.20
Total expenses (II)		363.20	245.20
Profit/(loss) for the year		294.41	879.78
Tax expense			
Current tax - Current Year		145.13	280.13
Current tax - Earlier Year		9.48	(9.21)
Profit/(loss) for the year		139.80	608.86
Other Comprehensive Income			
Total Comprehensive Income		139.80	608.86
Earning per share	12		
Basic		13.98	60.89
Diluted		13.98	60.89
Summary of significant accounting policies	2		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Khanna & Panchmia
Chartered Accountants
Firm Regn. No.: 136041W

Ketan Panchmia

Ketan Panchmia
Partner
Membership No. 038985

Mumbai
Dated : 3rd May 2024

For and on behalf of the Board

P.C. Patel

P.C. Patel
Director
DIN 01310674

B.O. Mehta

B.O. Mehta
Director
DIN 00222277

BHIMAD COMMERCIAL COMPANY PVT. LTD.

(Amount in Rs.Thousand)

Cash flow statement for the year ended 31st March 2024.

	31st March, 2024 (Rs.)	31st March, 2023 (Rs.)
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit/(loss) for the year after tax	139.80	608.86
Add: Income tax expense recognised in profit or loss	-	-
Profit/(loss) before tax	139.80	608.86
Adjustments for:		
Interest income	657.61	1,124.98
	797.41	1,733.84
Movements in working capital:		
(Increase)/decrease in other assets	(36.74)	880.31
Increase/(decrease) in current liability	(156.69)	18.45
Cash generated from Operations	601.27	2,632.59
Interest and other finance expenses	-	-
Income taxes paid	-	-
Cash Flow before extraordinary items	601.27	2,632.59
Extraordinary items	-	-
Net Cash from Operating Activities (A)	601.27	2,632.59
Cash flows from investing activities		
Sale/(Purchase) of financial assets (Net)	-	195.30
Interest received	(657.61)	(1,124.98)
Net cash flows from/(used in) investing activities (B)	(657.61)	(929.68)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Dividend paid (including dividend tax, where applicable) on equity shares	-	(65,000.00)
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities (C)	-	(65,000.00)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B)	(56.34)	(63,297.09)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	14,948.63	78,245.72
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	14,892.30	14,948.63
Components of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand	-	0.12
Balances with banks - in current accounts	492.30	548.51
Balances with banks - in Fixed Deposites	14,400.00	14,400.00
Total cash and cash equivalents	14,892.30	14,948.63

Summary of significant accounting policies

2

As per our report of even date

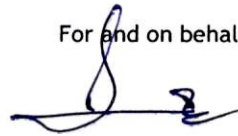
For Khanna & Panchmia
Chartered Accountants
Firm Regn. No.: 136041W



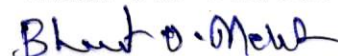
Ketan Panchmia
Partner
Membership No. 038985

Mumbai
Dated : 3rd May 2024

For and on behalf of the Board



P.C. Patel
Director DIN 01310674



B.O. Mehta
Director
DIN 00222277

BHIMAD COMMERCIAL COMPANY PVT. LTD.

(Amount in Rs.Thousand)

Statement of changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March, 2024

a. Equity Share Capital	Amount (Rs.)
Balance at April 1, 2022	100.00
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-
Balance at March 31, 2023	100.00
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-
Balance at March 31 2024	100.00

b. Other Equity (Rs.)	Reserves and Surplus		Total (Rs.)
	General Reserve (Rs.)	Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss (Rs.)	
Balance at March 31, 2022	12.10	79,051.36	79,063.46
Profit/(Loss) for the year	-	608.86	608.86
Payment of Dividend	-	65,000.00	65,000.00
Balance at March 31, 2023	12.10	14,660.22	14,672.32
Profit/(Loss) for the year	-	139.80	139.80
Balance at March 31, 2024	12.10	14,800.02	14,812.12

As per our report of even date

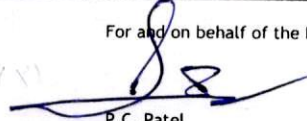
For Khanna & Panchmia
Chartered Accountants
Firm Regn. No.: 136041W



Ketan Panchmia
Partner
Membership No. 038985

Mumbai
Dated : 3rd May 2024

For and on behalf of the Board



P.C. Patel
Director DIN 01310674



B.O. Mehta
Director
DIN 00222277

BHIMAD COMMERCIAL COMPANY PVT. LTD.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2024.

Note 1 Corporate Information

The Company was incorporated in 1989 and is engaged in investment activity.

Note 2 Significant Accounting Policies

2.1 The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) rules, 2015.

2.2 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, the directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

2.3 Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2.4 Financial Assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Debt instruments that meet conditions based on purpose of holding assets and contractual terms of instrument are subsequently measured at amortised cost using effective interest method. All other financial assets are measured at fair value.

Income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than those financial assets classified as at FVTPL. Interest income is recognised in profit or loss and is included in the "Other income" line item.

2.5 Taxation

Accounting for Taxes on Income

Income tax expense comprises current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period determined in accordance with the income tax law), deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting the tax effects of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period).

Current tax expense is recognised on an annual basis under the taxes payable method, based on the estimated tax liability computed after taking credit for allowances and exemption in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961. In case of matters under appeal due to disallowance or otherwise, full provision is made when the said liabilities are accepted by the Company.

Deferred Taxation

The deferred tax resulting from timing differences between book and tax profits is accounted for under the liability method, at the current rate of tax, to the extent that the timing differences are expected to crystallize. Deferred tax assets are recognized and carried forward only if there is a virtual/reasonable certainty that they will be realized and are reviewed for appropriate of their respective carrying values at each balance sheet date.

2.6 Provisions and contingencies

The Company creates a provision when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, and in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on best estimates required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date.

Provisions involving substantial degree of estimation in measurement are recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that there will be an outflow of resources. Contingent Liabilities are not recognized but are disclosed in the notes.

Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

2.7 Earnings per share

The Company reports basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard 33 - Earnings Per Share. Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity shareholder by weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the reporting year.

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(Amount in Rs.Thousand)

Notes

3	Cash and Cash Equivalents	As at	As at
		31st March 2024 (Rs.)	31st March 2023 (Rs.)
	Cash and Cash Equivalents		
	Cash on Hand	-	0.12
	Balance with banks		
	In Current Account	492.30	548.51
	Fixed deposits with bank for a period not exceeding 1 year	14,400.00	14,400.00
	TOTAL	14,892.30	14,948.63

4	Other current assets Non financial Assets - Others - Current	As at	As at
		31st March 2024 (Rs.)	31st March 2023 (Rs.)
	Interest Receivable		
	Interest on deposit	45.76	-
	TOTAL	45.76	-

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5	Other non current assets Advance Payment of Taxes	As at	As at
		31st March 2024 (Rs.)	31st March 2023 (Rs.)
	Advance Payment of Taxes	-	9.03
	TOTAL	-	9.03

6	Authorised Capital :	As at	As at
		31st March 2024 (Rs.)	31st March 2023 (Rs.)
	20,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each (10,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each as at 31st March, 2023)	20,000.00	100.00
	TOTAL	20,000.00	100.00
	Issued Capital :		
	10,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each, fully paid-up (10,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each as at 31st March, 2023)	100.00	100.00
	TOTAL	100.00	100.00
	Subscribed and Paid up Capital :		
	10,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each, fully paid-up (10,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each as at 31st March, 2023)	100.00	100.00
	TOTAL	100.00	100.00

Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

Balance at 31st March, 2024 & 31st March, 2023	Number of Shares	Rs. In "000"
		10,000

Terms/ Rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in the proportion of their shareholding.

Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company:

	As at 31st March 2024		As at 31st March 2023	
	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	No. of Shares held	% of Holding
Pidilite Industries Ltd.	10,000	100.00%	10,000	100.00%

Shareholding of Promoters

Shares held by promoters at the end of the year	31-Mar-24		
	No. of Shares	% of Total Shares	% Change
Pidilite Industries Ltd.	10,000	100%	
Shares held by promoters at the end of the year	31-Mar-23		
	No. of Shares	% of Total Shares	% Change
Pidilite Industries Ltd.	10,000	100%	

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7 Other Equity

	As at 31st March 2024 (Rs.)	As at 31st March 2023 (Rs.)
General Reserve	12.10	12.10
Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss	14,800.02	14,660.22
	<u>14,812.12</u>	<u>14,672.32</u>
General Reserve		
Balance as per last financial statements	12.10	12.10
Closing Balance	<u>12.10</u>	<u>12.10</u>
Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss		
Balance as per last financial statements	14,660.22	79,051.36
Add: Profit for the year	139.80	608.86
Less: Equity Dividend of 2021-22 paid in 2022-23	-	65,000.00
Closing Balance	<u>14,800.02</u>	<u>14,660.22</u>

8 Financial Liabilities - Trade Payables - Current

	As at 31st March 2024 (Rs.)	As at 31st March 2023 (Rs.)
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	15.00	17.70
	<u>15.00</u>	<u>17.70</u>

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
As at 31-March-2024					
(i) Undisputed dues - total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Undisputed dues - total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises small enterprise	15.00	-	-	-	15.00
Total	15.00	-	-	-	15.00

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
As at 31-Mar-2023					
(i) Undisputed dues - total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Undisputed dues - total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises small enterprise	17.70	-	-	-	17.70
Total	17.70	-	-	-	17.70

9 Tax Liability - Current

	As at 31st March 2024 (Rs.)	As at 31st March 2023 (Rs.)
Provision for taxation (Net of advance tax Rs.134.18/-)	10.94	167.64
TOTAL	<u>10.94</u>	<u>167.64</u>

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024

	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
	(Rs.)	(Rs.)
Note 10		
Other income		
Interest on bank fixed deposits	657.61	1,124.98
	<u>657.61</u>	<u>1,124.98</u>
Note 11		
Other expenses		
Loss from Partnership Firm	-	195.30
Bank charges	0.07	0.15
Profession tax	2.50	2.50
Payments to auditor (refer details below)	25.00	25.00
Professional fees	14.75	14.75
Stamp Duty	276.48	-
Miscellaneous expenses	44.40	7.50
	<u>363.20</u>	<u>245.20</u>
Payments to auditor		
As auditor		
Audit fee	15.00	15.00
In other capacity		
For taxation matters	10.00	10.00
	<u>25.00</u>	<u>25.00</u>
Note 12		
Earnings per share		
Computation for both basic and diluted earnings per share of Rs. 10/- each (previous year Rs. 10/- each):		
a. Profit as per statement of profit & loss available for equity shareholders	139.80	608.86
b. Number of equity shares for basic and diluted earnings per share computation	10,000	10,000.00
c. Basic and diluted earnings per share (Rs.)	13.98	60.89

Note 13

Related party disclosure:

- i. Name of related parties and relationship
 - Pidilite Industries Ltd. - Holds 100% of equity shares of company
 - Nitin Enterprise - Firm in which Company is Partner (Refer Note 3)
- ii. Other Directors -
 - Shri. P.C. Patel, Shri B.O.Mehta & Shri A.D. Ubhayakar
- iii. There were no transactions with related party during the year.

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024

Note 14**(A) Capital Management**

The Company manages its capital to ensure that the Group will be able to continue as going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimum utilisation of the equity balance. The capital structure of the Group consists of equity and borrowings of the Group.

(B) Categories of Financial Instruments

	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Financial Assets		
Measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)		
Investments in Bond fund	-	-
Measured at amortised cost		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	14,892.30	14,948.63
Total Financial Assets	14,892.30	14,948.63
Financial liabilities		
Measured at amortised cost (including trade payables)		
Trade Payables	15.00	17.70

(C) Financial risk management objectives

The Company's Treasury functions provide services to the business, co-ordinates access to domestic and international financial markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Company through internal risk reports which analyse exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company does not undertake transactions denominated in foreign currencies; consequently, exposures to exchange rate fluctuations does not arise. The Company does not enter into or trade in financial instruments, including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes.

(D) Market risk

The Company's activities does not expose it to the financial risk of changes in foreign currency exchange rates .

(E) Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. Credit risk arises primarily from financial assets such as trade receivables, investment in preference shares .
The Company has adopted a policy of only dealing with counterparties that have sufficiently high credit rating. The Company's exposure and credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions is reasonably spread amongst the counterparties.

(F) Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset quickly at close to its fair value. The Company has an established liquidity risk management framework for managing its short term, medium term and long term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Company's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatches of the maturities of financial assets and liabilities. The Company manages the liquidity risk by maintaining adequate funds in cash and cash equivalents. The Company also has adequate credit facilities agreed with banks to ensure that there is sufficient cash to meet all its normal operating commitments in a timely and cost-effective manner.

(i) Liquidity risk tables

The following tables detail the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its derivative and non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate curves at the end of the reporting period.

(G) Fair value measurements

This note provides information about how the Company determines fair values of various financial assets and financial liabilities.

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024

(i) Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on recurring basis
Some of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets and financial liabilities are determined (in particular, the valuation technique(s) and inputs used)

Financial assets / financial liabilities	Fair value		Fair value hierarchy	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s)
	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023		
Investment in fixed deposits	Aggregate fair value of Rs.144.00 lacs	Aggregate fair value of Rs.144.00 lacs		

(ii) Financial instruments measured at amortised cost

The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost in the financial statements are a reasonable approximation of their fair values since the Company does not anticipate that the carrying amounts would be significantly different from the values that would eventually be received or settled.

Note 15

Company has not obtained any borrowings from the banks & financial institutions.

Note 16

There are no registrations of any charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies

Note 17

The Company has complied with number of layers prescribed vide clause (87) of Section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Restriction on number of layers) Rules 2017

Note 18**a) Current Ratio=Current Assets divided by current liability**

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2024 (Rs.)	31st March 2023 (Rs.)
Current Assets	14,938.06	14,948.63
Current Liabilities	25.94	185.34
Ratio	575.78	80.66
%change from previous year	613.87%	-82.99%

Reason for more than 25%: Reduction in income tax liability

b) Debt-Equity Ratio (Borrowings / Networth (Capital+Reserves)

	As at	As at
	31st March 2024 (Rs.)	31st March 2023 (Rs.)
Total Debts		
Total Equity		
Ratio		
%change from previous year		

c) Debt Service Coverage Ratio(EBITDA divided by (Interest (net of capitalisation) + Principal Repayments during the year)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2024 (Rs.)	31st March 2023 (Rs.)
EBITDA		
(Interest (net of capitalisation) + Principal Repayments during the year)		
Ratio		
%change from previous year		

Reason for more than 25%:

BHIMAD COMMERCIAL CO.PVT.LTD.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024

d) Return on Equity Ratio (PAT divided by Average Shareholder funds)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2024 (Rs.)	31st March 2023 (Rs.)
PAT	139.80	608.86
Average Shareholder fund	14,842.22	46,967.89
Ratio	0.94%	1.30%
%change from previous year	-27.34%	46.81%

Reason for more than 25%: In current year, there is increase in dividend amount payment.

e) Inventory turnover ratio (COGS divided by Average Inventory (Opening balance + Closing balance /2))

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2024 (Rs.)	31st March 2023 (Rs.)
COGS		
Average Inventory (Opening balance + Closing balance /2)		
Ratio		
%change from previous year		

f) Trade Receivables turnover ratio (Net Sales divided by Average Debtors (Opening balance + Closing balance /2))

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2024 (Rs.)	31st March 2023 (Rs.)
Net Sales		
Average Debtors (Opening balance + Closing balance /2)		
Ratio		
%change from previous year		

g) Trade payables turnover ratio (COGS divided by Average Creditors (Opening balance + Closing balance /2))

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2024 (Rs.)	31st March 2023 (Rs.)
COGS	363.20	49.90
Average Creditors (Opening balance + Closing balance /2)	16.35	17.70
Ratio	22.21	2.82
%change from previous year	687.90%	13.05%

Reason for more than 25%: Increase in expenses has resulted in increase in COGS

h) Net capital turnover ratio (Net Sales divided by working capital (Current Assets - Current Liabilities))

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2024 (Rs.)	31st March 2023 (Rs.)
Net Income	657.61	1,125
Current Assets - Current Liabilities	14,912	14,763
Ratio	4.41%	7.62%
%change from previous year	-42.13%	5.09

Reason for morethan 25%: Reduction in interest income due to less amount of fixed deposits in current year.

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024

i) Net profit ratio (PBT divided by Net Sales)

Particulars	As at		As at 31st March 2022 (Rs.)
	31st March 2024 (Rs.)	31st March 2023 (Rs.)	
PBT	294.41	879.78	943.95
Net Income	657.61	1,124.98	988.14
Ratio	0.45	0.78	0.96
%change from previous year	-42.75%	-18.13%	

Reason for more than 25%: PBT is lower due to lower income & Increase in expenses

j) Return on Capital employed (PBIT divided by Average Capital Employed.* Capital Employed = Net Worth + Borrowings + DTL)

Particulars	As at	
	31st March 2024 (Rs.)	31st March 2023 (Rs.)
PBIT	294.41	879.78
Net Worth + Borrowings + DTL	14,912.12	14,772.32
Ratio	1.97%	5.96%
%change from previous year	-66.85%	397.27%

Reason for more than 25%: Decrease in interest income & increase in expense

k) Return on investment (Net return on investment (dividend/interest) divided by cost of investment)

Particulars	As at	
	31st March 2024 (Rs.)	31st March 2023 (Rs.)
Interest Received	657.607	1124.98
Net Worth + Borrowings + DTL	14,912	14,772.32
Ratio	4.41%	7.62%
%change from previous year	-42.09%	0.71%

Reason for more than 25%: Reduction in interest income due to less amount of fixed deposits in current year.

Note 19

Tax provision is made as per income tax act.

Note 20**Corporate Social Responsibility**

The company doesn't meet the eligibility criteria as per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013,

Note 21

There are no cases of any undisclosed income in the financial statements.

Note 22

The company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary.

- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

BHIMAD COMMERCIAL CO.PVT.LTD.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024

Note 23

The company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall

- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

Note 24

The company doesn't have any borrowings from banks or financial institutions.

Note 25

There are no delays in registrations of any charges or satisfactions with the Registrar of Companies.

Note 26

The company has not entered any transactions in companies that were struck off under the relevant sections of the Companies Act 2013.

Note 27

The company has not given any loans and advance to Promoters, Directors, KMPs or Related parties.

Note 28

No proceedings have been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Act, 1988 45 of 1988 the Rules made thereunder.

Note 29

Company is not being declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.

Note 30

There are no delays in registrations of any charges or satisfactions with the Registrar of Companies.

Note 31

Previous period's figures are regrouped to make them comparable with those of the current period, wherever applicable.

Note 32

Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved for issue by the board of directors on 3rd May 2024.