KHANNA & PANCHMIA

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Pidilite C-Techos Walling Limited

Report on the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Ind AS financial statements of **Pidilite C-Techos Walling Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other comprehensive Income) the Cash Flow Statement and the statement of changes in the Equity for the year then ended and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act,2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standard prescribed under section 133 of the Act read together with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules ,2015, (Ind AS) and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2025, and its loss, total comprehensive income, its cash flows and changes in the equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Standalone Ind AS financial statements.

Information Other than the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility



Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the Standalone Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Standalone Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone Ind AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134 (5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including Other Comprehensive Income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including Ind AS. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone Ind AS financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Standalone Ind AS Financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial control system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone Ind AS financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the Annexure "A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- (c) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March 2025 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial control over financial reporting.
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has not paid/provided any managerial remuneration under the provisions of section 197 read with schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013, hence reporting under section 197 of the Act is not applicable.

- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts; as such the question of commenting on any material foreseeable losses thereon does not arise;
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.
 - iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11 (e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
 - v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year hence no compliance is required with Section 123 of the Companies Act 2013.

vi. Based on our examination on test basis of accounting software used by the company for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended 31st March 2025 we are of the opinion that accounting software has feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and same was operated throughout the year in respect of all relevant transactions recorded in software. Further, during our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tempered with and the audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for the record retention.

For KHANNA & PANCHMIA

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Firm Reg. No. 136041W

Devendra Khanna

PARTNER

Membership No. 38987

Mumbai, 23rd April 2025

UDIN # 25038987BMJEKP7351

Annexure "A" to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in Paragraph 1 under the heading of "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report of even date)

- (i) In respect of the Company's Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets:
 - (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - (b) The Company has a phased program of physical verification of Property, Plant and Equipment so to cover all the assets which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company does not own any immovable properties. Therefore, the provisions of Clause 3(i)(c) of the said Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets during the year.
 - (e) No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2025 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder
- (ii) (a) The physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the Management during the year and, in our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by Management is appropriate. The discrepancies noticed on physical verification of inventory as compared to book records were not 10% or more in aggregate for each class of inventory.
 - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of 5 crore, in aggregate, at any points of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, during the year, the Company has neither made any investments in companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships, and nor granted unsecured loans to other parties. Further, the Company has not provided any guarantee or security or granted any advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Hence reporting under clause 3(iii), (iii)(a), (iii)(b), (iii)(c), (iii)(d), (iii)(e) and (iii)(f) of the Order are not applicable.



- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, made investment or provided guarantee, which are covered by the provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act 2013. Hence, reporting under Clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits or money deemed to be deposits from the public. Accordingly, Clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vi) The Cost records prescribed under Section 148(1) of the Act are not applicable to the Company and hence Clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Custom duty, Excise duty, value added tax, cess and other statutory dues as applicable with the appropriate authorities. There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Services Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income tax, Sales Tax, Customs Duty, Excise Duty, Value Added Tax, Cess and other statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2025 for a period of more than six months from the date they become payable.
 - (b) There were no statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) above which have not been deposited as on 31st March 2025 on account of any dispute.
- (viii) There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- (ix) (a) The Company has not taken any loans or other borrowings from any lender, hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c). The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no outstanding term loans at the beginning of the year and hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short-term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
 - (e) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries.
 - (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.

(x) (a) In our opinion and according to information and explanation given to us, the Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial Public Offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, Clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.

- (b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xi) (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
 - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year.
 - (c) According to information and explanations given to us there were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) As the Company is not Nidhi Company, the reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements etc. as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year provisions of section 138 relating to Internal Audit System are not applicable to Company, hence, reporting under clause 3(xiv)(a) and (b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with him and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable.
- (xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has not conducted non-banking financial / housing finance activities during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) In our opinion, there is no Core Investment Company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvii) The Company has incurred cash loss of INR 3.56 Lakhs during the current financial year and of INR 43.50 Lakhs during immediately preceding financial year.

- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the Statutory Auditors of the Company during the year.
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) Currently Provisions of Section 135(5) of the Companies Act are not applicable to the Company, hence the reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable.

For KHANNA & PANCHMIA CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Firm Reg. No. 136041W

Devendra Khanna

PARTNER
Membership No. 38987

Mumbai, 23rd April 2025

IJDIN # 25038987BMJEKP7351

Annexure "B" to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in Paragraph 2(f) under the heading of "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Pidilite C-Techos Walling Limited** ("the Company") as of March 31,2025 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial control system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of Management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper Management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of information and explanations given to us, the Company has, in all materials respects, an adequate internal financial control system over financial reporting and such financial controls over financial reporting are operating effectively as at March 31, 2025 based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For KHANNA & PANCHMIA
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Firm Reg. No. 136041W

Devendra Khanna

PARTNER

Membership No. 38987

Mumbai, 23rd April 2025

UDIN # 25038987BMJEKP7351

Registered Address: Regent Chambers, 7th FloorJamnalal Bajaj Marg 208 Nariman Point, Mumbai 400021 CIN: U36990MH2020PLC338594

Balance sheet as at 31st March, 2025

Rs. In Lakhs

			RS. III Lakiis
		As At	As At
Particulars	Note No.	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
ASSETS		Audited	Audited
AGGETG			
1. Non-current assets			
i) Property, Plant and Equipment	3	18.45	21.02
ii) Intangible Assets	4	1.22	1.68
iii) Non Current Financial Assets			
a) Others	5	12.05	12.05
(d)Income Tax Assets (Net)	6	0.01	0.01
Total Non Current Assets		31.73	34.76
2. Current assets			
(a)Inventories	7	17.01	17.01
(b)Financial Assets	84		
i)Investments	8	44.16	19.11
ii)Trade receivables	9	24.22	49.22
iii)Cash and cash equivalents	10	0.90	2.64
iv)Others	11	1.40	2.80
(c)Other current assets	12	30.58	31.77
Total Current Assets		118,27	122.55
Total Gallett Assets	TOTAL ASSETS	150.00	157.31
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
1. Equity			
Equity Share Capital	13	181.80	181.80
Other Equity	14	(130.95)	(124.35)
Total Equity		50.85	57.45
LIABILITIES			
2. Current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
i) Trade payables - Current			
Outstanding dues other than above	15	98.86	99.39
ii) Others	16	0.07	0.14
(b) Other Current liabilities			1
i) Other Current Liabilities	17	0.21	0.33
Total Current Liabilities		99.14	99.86
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	150.00	157.31
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	150.00	

Summary of significant accounting policies

2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Khanna & Panchmia

Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No. 136041W

Devendra Khanna

Partner

Mem.No. 038987

Mumbai

Dated: 23rd April 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sanjay Bahadur

Director

DIN: 00032590

Manisha Shetty Director

DIN: 09466788

5.0

Regist. Address: Regent Chambers, 7th FloorJamnalal Bajaj Marg 208 Nariman Point, Mumbai 400021 CIN: U36990MH2020PLC338594

Statement of profit and loss for the year ended 31st March 2025

Rs. In Lakhs

Particulars	Notes	For the year ended 31st March 2025 Audited	For the year ended 31st March 2024 Audited
Income			
Revenue from Operations	18	-	-
Other Income	19	2.05	1.54
Total Income (I)		2.05	1.54
Expenses	Ï		
Cost of Material Consumed	20	(0.00)	11.28
Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods	21	(0.00)	-
Employee Benefits Expense	22	.e.a	9.62
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	23	3.03	3.03
Other expenses	24	5.62	24.15
Total expenses (II)		8.65	48.07
Profit/(loss) for the year		(6.60)	(46.53)
Tax expense			
Current tax - Current Period			
Profit/(loss) for the period		(6.60)	(46.53)
Other Comprehensive Income			
Total Comprehensive Income		(6.60)	(46.53)
Earning per share Basic Diluted	25	(0.36) (0.36)	

Summary of significant accounting policies

2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Khanna & Panchmia

Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg. No. 136041W

Devendra Khanna

Partner

Mem.No. 038987

Mumbai

Dated: 23rd April 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sanjay Bahadur

Director

DIN: 00032590

Manisha Shetty

Director

DIN: 09466788



S.M.

Registered Address: Regent Chambers, 7th FloorJamnalal Bajaj Marg208 Nariman Point Mumbai 400021 CIN: U36990MH2020PLC338594

Cash flow statement for the period ended 31st March, 2025

	As at	As at
Particulars	31/3/2025	31/3/2024
	Audited	Audited
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit/(loss) for the year after tax	(6.60)	(46.53)
Add: Income tax expense recognised in profit or loss	- 1	- 5
Profit/(loss) before tax	(6.60)	(46.53)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation & amortization	3.03	3.03
Net Gain on sale of Investments	э э	(0.77)
Loss on disposal of Asset		(→):
1 mark 1	(3.57)	(44.27)
Movements in working capital:		
(Increase)/decrease in Operating Assets	27.59	18.88
Increase/(decrease) in Operating Liabilities	(0.72)	9.36
Cash generated from Operations	23.31	(16.03)
Interest and other finance expenses		, * ,
Net Cash from Operating Activities (A)	23.31	(16.03)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Sale/(Purchase) of Property plant and Equipment (incl intangibles)	2€0	
Sale/(Purchase) of Investments	(25.05)	15.27
Net cash flows from/(used in) investing activities (B)	(25.05)	15.27
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from/(Repayment of) issue of shares		(#)
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities (C))*:
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(1.74)	(0.75)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	2.64	3.39
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	0.90	2.64
Components of cash and cash equivalents	1	
Cash on hand	7.55	₩.
Balances with banks - in current accounts	0.90	2.64
Total cash and cash equivalents	0.90	2.64

Summary of significant accounting policies

2

As per our report of even date

For Khanna & Panchmia Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg. Np. 136041W

Devendra Khanna

Partner

Mem.No. 038987

Mumbai

Dated: 23rd April 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sanjay Bahadur

Director

DIN: 00032590

Manisha Shetty

Director

DIN: 09466788



Registered Address: Regent Chambers, 7th FloorJamnalal Bajaj Marg 208 Nariman Point Mumbai 400021 CIN: U36990MH2020PLC338594

Statement of changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March, 2025

a. Equity Share Capital	As on 31st March, 2025 (₹)	As on 31st March, 2024 (₹)	
Opening Balance Changes in equity share capital during the year Closing Balance	181.80	181.80 - 181.80	

(Amount in Rs.)

	Reserves and Surplus		Total
b. Other Equity	Securities	Retained	
	Premium Account	Earnings	
Balance at March 31, 2022	121.20	(115.54)	5.66
Profit /(Loss) for the year	- π	(83.48)	(83.48)
On Issue of equity shares during the year	a 8	-	-
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of	2	- [-
income tax			
Balance at March 31, 2023	121.20	(199.02)	(77.82)
Profit /(Loss) for the year	(#)	(46.53)	(46.53)
On Issue of equity shares during the year	-	2.5	. ™ .
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of			-
income tax			
Balance at March 31, 2024	121.20	(245.55)	(124.35)
Profit /(Loss) for the year		(6.60)	(6.60)
On Issue of equity shares during the year		121	100
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of	970	100	Ē
income tax			
Balance at March 31, 2025	121.20	(252.15)	(130.96)

As per our report of even date

For Khanna & Panchmia

Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 136041W

Devendra Khanna

Partner Mem.No. 038987

Mumbai

Dated: 23rd April 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sanjay Bahadur

Director

DIN: 00032590

Manisha Shetty

Director

DIN: 09466788

5.00.

Notes to the financial statements for the period 1st April 2024 to 31st March 2025

Note 1 Corporate Information

Pidilite C-Techos Walling Limited ("The Company") having its registered office at Regent Chambers, 7th Floor, Jamnalal Bajaj Marg, 208, Nariman Point Mumbai, Maharashtra, India, 400021.

The main objects of the company is to lay out, develop, construct, build, erect, demolish, re-erect, alter, remodel or do any other work in connection with any construction of building works or any other structural or architectural work of any kind whatsoever using available technologies, including the method and system of dry construction of wall, which includes manufacturing of ACC Panels and other ancillary products and to do all incidental acts and things necessary for the attainment of the above objects.

The Company is incorporated on 05th March 2020.

Note 2 Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for the following items which are measured as –

a. Certain Financial Assets / Liabilities - at Fair value.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR) and all values are rounded to the nearest Rupee.

2.2 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies, reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, and accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Application of accounting policies that require critical accounting estimates involving complex and subjective judgements and the use of assumptions in these financial statements. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Revenue Recognition - The Company recognises revenue from the sale of services. Sale of services are mainly in the nature of time and material contracts. Revenue on time and material contracts are recognised at the point in time when the related services are performed and certified by the client. Incomplete Services and Services performed but not certified by the client, are recorded at cost as work in progress and disclosed under inventories.



2.3 Property, plant and equipment

2.3.1 Property, plant and equipment acquired separately

Freehold land is stated at cost and not depreciated.

Buildings, plant & machinery, vehicles, furniture and office equipments are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Cost of such self-constructed item includes professional fees. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in profit or loss in the year of occurrence.

2.3.2 Intangible Assets

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

2.3.3 Depreciation/ Amortisation-Useful lives of intangible assets

Depreciation is provided so as to write off the cost of assets (other than freehold land and Capital work in progress) less their residual values over their useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Type of Assets	Useful Life
Buildings	30 years
Plant & Machinery	1-20 Years
Vehicles	8-10 Years
Furniture & Fixtures	5-10 Years
Office Equipments	3-6 Years

Type of Asset - Useful Life	
Computer Software - 6 Years	

2.4 Taxation

Accounting for Taxes on Income

Income tax expense comprises current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period determined in accordance with the income tax law), deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting the tax effects of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period).

Current tax expense is recognised on an annual basis under the taxes payable method, based on the estimated tax liability computed after taking credit for allowances and exemption in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961. In case of matters under appeal due to disallowance or otherwise, full provision is made when the said liabilities are accepted by the Company.

Deferred Taxation -

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the company is able to control the reversal of temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2.5 Provisions and contingencies

The Company creates a provision when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, and in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on best estimates required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date.

Provisions involving substantial degree of estimation in measurement are recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that there will be an outflow of resources. Contingent Liabilities are not recognized but are disclosed in the notes.

Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

2.6 Earnings per share

The Company reports basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard 33 – Earnings per Share. Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity shareholder by weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the reporting year.

2.7 Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost of inventories is determined on First in first out basis. Cost for this purpose includes cost of direct materials, direct labour and appropriate share of overheads.

Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less all estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Obsolete, defective, unserviceable and slow / non-moving stocks are duly provided for and valued at net realisable value.

2.8 Financial Assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Debt instruments that meet conditions based on purpose of holding assets and contractual terms of instrument are subsequently measured at amortised cost using effective interest method. All other financial assets are measured at fair value.

Income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than those financial assets classified as at FVTPL. Interest income is recognised in profit or loss and is included in the "Other income" line item.

2.11 Financial Liabilities

All financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using effective interest method at the end of subsequent reporting periods. Interest expense is included in the Finance costs line item.

2.12 Cash and cash equivalents (for purposes of Cash Flow Statement)

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of cash flow statement comprise cash at bank, cash in hand and short-term investments net of bank overdrafts with an original maturity of three months or less.



Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

3 Property, Plant and Equipment

Carrying Amounts of:		As at 31st March 2025 (₹)	As at 31st March 2024 (₹)
Plant and Machinery		18.45	21.02
	TOTAL	18.45	21.02

Gross Carrying Amount	Plant and Machinery		
Balance at March 31, 2023	27.06		
Acquisitions	<u> </u>		
Disposal / Adjustment	-		
Balance at March 31, 2024	27.06		
Acquisitions	÷.		
Disposal / Adjustment	E.		
Balance at March 31, 2025	27.06		

Accumulated Depreciation	Plant and Machinery
Balance at March 31, 2023	(3.47)
Depreciation expense	(2.57)
Disposal / Adjustment	
Balance at March 31, 2024	(6.04)
Depreciation expense	3
Disposal / Adjustment	(2.57)
Balance at March 31, 2025	(8.61)

Net Carrying Amount	Plant and Machinery	
Balance at March 31, 2022	19.82	
Additions	6.00	
Depreciation expense	(2.22)	
Balance at March 31, 2023	23.59	
Additions		
Depreciation expense	(2.57)	
Balance at March 31, 2024	21.02	
Additions	J.Fi.	
Depreciation expense	(2.57)	
Disposal / Adjustment		
Balance at March 31, 2025	18.45	

4 Other Intangible Assets

Carrying Amounts of:		As at 31st March 2025 (₹)	As at 31st March 2024 (₹)
Software		1.22	1.68
	TOTAL	1.22	1.68

Gross Carrying Amount	Software		
Balance at March 31, 2023	2.75		
Acquisitions			
Disposal / Adjustment	021		
Balance at March 31, 2024	2.75		
Acquisitions	(#)		
Disposal / Adjustment	-		
Balance at March 31, 2025	2.75		

Accumulated Amortisation	Software
Balance at March 31, 2023	(0.61)
Amortisation expense	(0.46)
Balance at March 31, 2024	(1.07)
Amortisation expense	(0.46)
Balance at March 31, 2025	(1.53)

Net Carrying Amount	Software	
Balance at March 31, 2023	2.14	
Additions	9	
Amortisation expense	-0.46	
Balance at March 31, 2024	1.68	
Additions	*	
Amortisation expense	-0.46	
Disposal / Adjustment		
Balance at March 31, 2025	1.22	



	PI	DILITE C-TECHOS W	ALLING LIMITED				
	Votes		5				
,	Other Non Current Financial Assets						
					As at	As at	
					31st March 2025		
()					(₹ in Lakhs)	(₹in Lakhs)	
	Security Deposit				0.10	0.10	
	Retention by Customers				11.95	11.95	
	10	TOTAL		//*	12.05	12.05	
	ncome Tax Asset (net)- Non Current						
					As at	As at	
					31st March 2025		
					(₹ in Lakhs)	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	Advance payment of taxes (net of provision - nil)				0.01	0.01	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
		TOTAL			0.01	0.01	
	Inventories (at lower of cost and net realisable value)						
-	inventories (at lower or cost and net realisable value)				As at	As at	
					31st March 2025		
					(₹in Lakhs)	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	Day Martadala				0.00		
	Raw Materials* Packing Materials				(0.00)		
	Work-in-Progress				17.01	17.01	
		TOTAL			17.01	17.01	
	*Note-Inventory provision of Rs 11.28L made during the y	year					
	Current Investments (at fair value)						
	Odifold Investments facially values		As at	As at	As at	As at	
			31st March 2025		31st March 2025		
			Units	Units	(₹ in Lakhs)	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	Tata Liquid Fund Direct Plan - Growth (Unit-501.35)		1078.988	501.535	44.16	19.11	
		TOTAL			44.16	19.11	
1	Trade Receivables - Current				-		
-	Trade (1990) Tables Sallent				As at	As at	
						31st March 2024	
					(₹ in Lakhs)	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	Trade Receivables - considered good				04.00	40.00	
	- Unsecured, considered good				24.22	49.22	
		TOTAL			24.22	49.22	
	Particulars			As at 31.03	.2025		
	raiticulais		Outstanding fo	or following periods		f payment	
		Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	>3 years	
					24.22	-	
	(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good			I		3	
	(ii) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful	20	•				
	(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful						
			-				

(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful	381				-	
Total	147	•		24.22		24.22
Particulars			As at 31.03.2	024		
*		Outstanding for	following periods f	rom due date of p	ayment	
	Less than 6 months		1-2 years	2-3 years	>3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good			49.22	-	- 12	49.22
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful	32			i i	-	
(iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good	<u>9€</u>	-				V.E.
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful			1 4 7			
Total		-	49.22	30	3.07	49.22

	Total	 	75.22		
10	Cash and Cash Equivalents				
				As at	As at
				31st March 2025	31st March 2024
				(₹ in Lakhs)	(₹ in Lakhs)

Cash and Cash Equivalents
Cash on Hand
Balance with banks
In Current Account 0.90 TOTAL

2.64 0.90



2.64

1	Other	Current	Assets -	Financial	Assets

		As at 31st March 2025 (₹ In Lakhs)	As at 31st March 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Prepaid Expenses		1.40	2.80
	TOTAL	1.40	2.80
Other current assets			
		As at 31st March 2025	As at
2		(₹ in Lakhs)	(₹ in Lakhs)
Balance with Govt Authorities		30.05	29.53
Advance to vendors		0.53	2.24
	TOTAL	30.58	31.77

13 Share Capital

	As at 31st March 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Authorised Capital:		
25,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each	250.00	250.00
(25,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each)		
TOTAL	250.00	250.00
Subscribed Capital		
18,17,996 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each, fully paid-up	181.80	181.80
18,17,996 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each, fully paid-up	181.80	181.80
Issued and Paid Up Capital 18,17,996 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each, fully paid-up	181.80	181.80
18,17,996 Equity Shares of Rs 10 each, fully pald-up TOTAL	181.80	181.80

Note

Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

Opening Balance Additions during the period Closing Balance

31st Marc	h, 2025	31st Marc	h, 2024
Number of Shares	Rs. In Lakhs	Number of Shares	Rs. In Lakhs
18.17,996 181.80		18,17,996	181.80
5.	(± ()	3.1	3.5
18,17,996	181.80	18,17,996	181.80

Terms/ Rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in the proportion of their shareholding.

Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company:

	As at 31st March 2025		As at 31st March 2024	
	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	No. of Shares	% of Holding
		·	held	
Pidilite Industries Limited	10,90,796	60.00%	10,90,796	60.00%
Chetana Exponential Technologies Private Limited	7,27,200	40.00%	7,27,200	40.00%

Details of changes during the year in shareholding of the company.

Promoter Name

Pidilite Industries Limited
Chetana Exponential Technologies Private Limited

% change during the year 0.00% No.of Shares 10,90,796 % of Holding 60.00% 40.00% 0.00% 7,27,200

		44
14	Other	Equity

	As at 31st March 2025 (₹In Lakhs)	As at 31st March 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Retained Earnings		
Opening Balance	(245.55)	(199.02
Add: Profit/(Loss) for the year	(6.60)	(46.53
Closing Balance	(252,15)	(245.55
Securitles Premium		
Opening Balance	121.20	121.20
Add: Premium on Shares issued during the year	· ·	-
Closing Balance	121.20	121.20
Total	(130.95)	(124.3
Trade Payables		
	 Ås at	Ås at
	31st March 2025	
	(₹in Lakhs)	(₹ in Lakhs)
Total Outstanding dues to Others	98.86	99.3
TOTAL	98.86	99.3

	As at 31.03.2025							
Particulars	Particulars Outstanding for following periods				ods from due date of			
	Not Due	Less than 1 year	>3 years	Total				
(i) MSME*		-			-	-		
(ii) Others	0.43	5.25	20.89	60.32	11.97	98.86		
(iii) Disputed Dues - MSME		*	* "		•			
(iv) Disputed Dues -Others		€.		•	9.0			
Total	0.43	5.25	20.89	60.32	11.97	98.86		

	As at 31.03.2024							
Particulars		Outstanding for following periods from due date of						
	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	>3 years	Total		
(i) MSME*		-		-				
(ii) Others	0.42	25.97	60.30	12.70		98.97		
(iii) Disputed Dues - MSME		(*)			3.5			
(iv) Disputed Dues -Others		190		31	706			
Total	0.42	25.97	60.30	12.70	280	98.97		

^{*}The above information regarding dues to Micro and Small Enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected with the Company. No dues are outstanding for more than 45 days.

16 Current Financial Liabilities - Others

		As at 31st March 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
Provision for Expenses	TOTAL	0.07 0.07	. 0.14 0.14
7 Other Current Liabilities		As at 31st March 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March 202₄ (₹ in Lakhs)
Statutory Remitance *		0.21	0.33
includes GST navable under reverse charge mechanism and TDS	TOTAL	0.21	0.33



	PIDILITE C-TECHOS WA	LLING LIMITED		
	Notes to the financial statements for the period 1st April 2024 to 31s	t March, 2025	ended 31st March 2025	ended 31st March 2024
18	Revenue from Operations Sale of Services		*	12
19	Other Income Net Gain on Sale of : Current Investments		-	0.77
	Other Non-Operating Income: Net gain/(loss) arising on financial assets / Liabilities designated as Miscellaneous Income	at FVTPL	2.05	0.73 0.05
20	Cost of Materials Consumed		2.05	1.54
	Inventory at the beginning of the year Add: Purchases			11.28
	Less : Inventory at the end of the year TOTAL		0.00	11.28
	*Note- Inventory provision of Rs.11.28L made during the year.	•		11120
21	Change in Inventories of Finished Goods, Work in Progress an	d Stock in Trade	_	
	Inventories at end of the year Work-in-Progress Finished Goods		17.01	17.01
	(A)	17.01	17.01
	Inventories at beginning of the year Work-in-Progress		17.01	17.01
	Finished Goods		17.01	17.01
	(B)-(A		-0.00	17.01
22	2 Employee Benefits Expense			
	Salaries & Wages Staff Welfare		5	9.62
	Stair Wellare			9.62
23	3 Depreciation and Amortisation			
	Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment		2.57 0.46	
	Amortisation on Intangible Assets		3.03	
24	4 Other Expenses Rates and Taxes		0.03	0.03
	Travel and Conveyance		-	0.19
	Transport and Loading		6.81	2.84 11.59
	Legal, Professional and Consultancy fees Miscellaneous expenses*		-4.42	4.90
	Software as a service Payment to Auditors		2.80	4.11
	For Auditor's Remuneration For Tax Matters		0.40	0.40 0.10
	*Deversel of evenes provision in parties years		5.62	24.15
25	*Reversal of excess provision in earlier years. 25 EarnIngs per share Computation for both basic and diluted earnings per share of ₹ (previous year ₹ 10/- each):	10/- each	₹	₹
	 a. Profit as per statement of profit & loss available for equity share b. Number of equity shares for basic and diluted earnings per share 	holders e	6.60) 18,17,996	
	computation c. Basic and diluted earnings per share (₹)		(0.36	3) (2.56)



As at 31st March 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)	As at 31st March 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)
NIL	NIL
NIL	NIL
NIL	NIL
NIL	NIL
	31st March 2025 (₹ in Lakhs) NIL NIL

27 Related party disclosure:

i. Name of related parties and relationship

Pidilite Industries Ltd. - holds 10,90,796 number of equity shares of company (Previous Year 10,90,796 shares) Chetana Exponential Technologies Private Limited - holds 7,27,200 number of equity shares of company (Previous Year 7,27,200 shares)

Sanjay Bahadur, Mehul Parekh, Manisha Shetty, Vageesh Patil and G.H.Basavaraj

iii. Transaction with Related parties:

Period ended 3	1st March, 2025	Period ended 31st March, 2024		
Pidilite Industries Limited	Chetana Exponential Technologies Private Limited	Pidilite Industries Limited	Chetana Exponential Technologies Private Limited	
-		-	*	
*			-	
s_	5.25	9.62		
60.83	33.81	60.83	28.56	
	Pidilite Industries Limited	Pidlite industries Limited Technologies Private Limited	Pidilite Industries Limited Chetana Exponential Technologies Private Limited Pidilite Industries Limited Pidilite Industries Limited	

	A 1	81
	As at	As at
	31st March 2025	31st March 2024
	(₹ in Lakhs)	(₹ in Lakhs)
Disclosures required under Section 22 of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise	Development Act, 2006	
(i) Principal amount remaining unpaid to any SME supplier as at the end of the account		
(ii) Interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the account	ing year -	*
(iii) The amount of interest paid along with the amounts of the payment made to the s	upplier t -	2
(iv) The amount of interest due and payable for the year	-	
(v) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting	year -	
(vi) The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding year, until	such	
date when the interest dues as above are actually paid	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
TOTAL		

he basis of information collected with the Company.

This has been relied upon by the auditors.

29 Financial Instruments

a) Capital Management

The Company manages its capital to ensure that it is able to continue as going concerns while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimum utilisation of the equity balance. The capital structure of the Company consists of only equity of the Company. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. The Company did not have any debt as on 31st March 2025 and as at 31st March 2024.

b) Categories of financial instruments

	31st March 2025	31st March 2024
Financial assets		
Measured at amortised cost:-		
Other Financial Assets	37.66	64.06
Cash and bank balances	0.90	2.64
Financial liabilities	1	
Measured at amortised cost:-	The state of the s	
Trade Payables	98.86	99.39
Other Financial Liabilities	0.07	0.14



Fair value of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

Some of the Company's financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets are determined (in particular, the valuation technique(s) and inputs used).

Financial assets / financial liabilities	Fair value as at		Fair value as at Fair value heirarchy				valuation technique(s) and
	31/03/2025	31/03/2024		key Input(s)			
	Various listed funds fair	Various listed funds	Level 1	Quoted bid prices			
Investment in Mutual Funds	value of Rs. 19.11	fair value of Rs. 33.62		in active market			
	Lakhs	Lakhs					

30 Ratios

The following are analytical ratios for the year ended 31st March 2025 and 31st March 2024:-

Particulars	Numerator	Denominator	31st March 2025	31st March 2024	Variance
Current Ratio*	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	1.19	1.23	-2.80%
Debt-Equity Ratio	Borrowings	Shareholder's Equity			0.00%
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earnings available for Debt Service	Debt Service	*	*	0.00%
Return on Equity Ratio **	Net Profits After Tax	Avg. Shareholder's Equity	(0.04)	(0.33)	-88.96%
Inventory Turnover Ratio**	Cost of Goods Sold	Avg. Inventory	(0.00)	1.33	-100.00%
Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio**	Net Sales	Avg. Debtors	9	9	#DIV/0!
Trade Payables Turnover Ratio **	Cost of Goods Sold	Avg. Creditors	(0.00)	0.23	-100.00%
Net Capital Turnover Ratio **	Net Sales	Working Capital	2		#DIV/0!
Net Profit Ratio **	Profit Before Tax	Net Sales	V	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
Return on Capital Employed **	Profit Before Interest an	Average Capital Employed	=	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
Return on Investment***	Net Return on Investme	Cost of Investment	4.65%		

^{*}Decreased due to inventory provision.

Note 31: Event after reporting period - No such event is to report.

Note 32: The company doesn't meets the eligibility criteria as per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013,

Note 33: There are no cases of any undisclosed income in the financial statements.

Note 34: The company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(les), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary.

- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or

- provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

Note 35: The company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall

- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or

- provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.



^{**}No revenue from operation in current year-

^{***}Realised profit from Sale of Investments.

- Note 36: There are no registrations of any charges or satisfactions with Registrar of Companies.
- Note 37: The company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current year and Previous year.
- Note 38: The company has not entered any transactions in companies that were struck off under the relevent sections of the Companies Act 2013.
- Note 39: The company has not obtained any borrowing from the bank or financial institution.
- Note 40: The company has not given any loans and advance to Promoters, Directors, KMPs or Related parties.
- Note 41: No proceedings have been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Act, 1988 45 of 1988 the Rules made thereunder).
- Note 42: Company is not being declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
- Note 43: The amounts and disclosures included in the financial statements of the previous year have been reclassified and regrouped
- Note 44: The legal and beneficial owners of the Company has confirmed to provide support and assitance as may be required to ensure that the capital and liquidity levels are maintained.
- Note 45: The Company has not created deferred tax assets due to no foreseeable future profits.
- Note 46: Approval of financial statements: The financial statements were approved for issue by the board of directors on 23rd April

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

The accompanying notes are forming part of the financial statements.

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As per our report of even date

For Khanna & Panchmia

Chartered Accountants Firm Reg No 136041W

Sanjay Bahadur

irector 00032590 Manisha Shetty

Director DIN: 09466788

Mumbai

Partner Mem.No. 038987

Dated: 23rd April 202

Devendra Khanna