PIDILITE INDUSTRIES EGYPT (S.A.E) AUDITOR'S REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AT 31 March 2025 **Strategy Financial Advisors** Audit, Tax and Advisory Services

Pidilite Industries Egypt (S.A.E) Financial statements and auditor's report For the year ended 31 March 2025

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Auditor's Report

To: The Shareholders of PIDILITE INDUSTRIES EGYPT - (S.A.E)

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **PIDILITE INDUSTRIES EGYPT - (S.A.E)** "the Company which comprise the balance sheet as of 31 March 2025, income statement, other comprehensive income, statement of changes in shareholders' equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Company's Management Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Company's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standards and with the requirements of applicable Egyptian laws and regulations. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Egyptian Standards on Auditing. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of 31 March 2025, and financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standards and with the requirements of applicable Egyptian laws and regulations.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

The Company keeps proper financial records, which includes all that is required by the law and the Company's statute, and the accompanying financial statements are in agreement therewith, the Company applies a proper costing system and the inventory counts were taken in accordance with recognized practices.

The financial information included in the director' report prepared in accordance with law no159 of 1981 and its executive regulations, is in agreement with the company's book of account.

Amr Arafa Hassan

Am Husler

Member at Egyptian society of taxation

Registered Accountants and Auditors No. 20137

Strategy Financial Advisors

Cairo, 29 April 2025

PIDILITE INDUSTRIES EGYPT S.A.E Financial Position At 31 MARCH 2025

	Note	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
	No.	EGP	EGP
<u>Assets</u>			
Non-current assets			
Property, Plant and Equipments (Net book value)	(3)	4 043 064	4 621 475
Projects under process	(4)	976 382	-
Investment in Subsidiary Companies		5 439 900	5 439 900
Deferred tax	(16)	401 812	94 283
Total non-current assets		10 861 158	10 155 658
Current assets			
Inventory	(5)	47 530 433	28 482 951
Account Receivables	(6)	49 792 170	51 024 512
Other Receivables	(7)	15 677 723	12 804 923
Cash and cash equivalents	(8)	72 068 689	81 172 030
Total current assets		185 069 015	173 484 416
Total assets		195,930,173	183,640,074
Shareholders' equity			
Paid up capital	(9)	110 278 500	36 980 000
Paid under capital increase		77 367 237	150 665 737
Retained Losses		(35 573 053)	(57 542 758)
Net Profit / (loss) for the Year		9 320 161	21 969 705
Total shareholders' equity		161 392 845	152 072 684
Current liabilities			
Income tax	(16)	3 085 717	-
Provisions	(10)	760 452	610 000
Account Payables	(11)	24 933 865	22 401 036
Other Payables	(12)	5 757 295	8 556 355
Total current liabilities		34 537 329	31 567 391
Total shareholders' equity And Liabilities		195,930,173	183,640,074

The accompanying policies and the notes from page number (8) to (20) form an integral part of these financial statements

Mohamed Mowafi General Manager Abdellatif Mohamed Financial Controller

Auditor's Report issued on 29 April,2025

-:

PIDILITE INDUSTRIES EGYPT S.A.E INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

2025 **EGP EGP** 152 685 112 139 297 554 Sales (96 731 506) Cost of goods sold (13)(112,936,921)(600 654) (762,859)(3)Depreciation 38 985 333 41 965 394 **Gross Profit** (29 313 422) (32,052,215)(14)Selling, General & Administrative expenses (3)(324,046)(171,174)Depreciation 4 772 (204,297)Bad debts allowance (56899)(99,530)Bad debts write off (10)(150,452)Provision Expenses 1,797,483 9 510 798 (Gain) Loss on Foreign Exchange 105 771 115,929 Other gains 22 045 240 8 068 204 Net profit (loss) for the year before interest and income tax (381,359)4,030,145 (15)Finance Cost 21 663 881 12 098 349 Net profit (loss) for the year before income tax (3,085,717)Income Tax 305 824 307,529 Deferred tax 21 969 705 9 320 161

2024

The accompanying policies and the notes from page number (8) to (20) form an integral part of these financial statements

Net Profit /(loss) for the year

Other comprehensive income statement for the year ended at 31 March 2025

	2025	2024
	EGP	EGP
Net Profit (loss) after income tax	9 320 161	21 969 705
Other comperhensive Income	-	-
Total comperhensive Income for the year	9 320 161	21 969 705

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 PIDILITE INDUSTRIES EGYPT S.A.E

Capital Increase Balance at 31 March 2024 Paid under capital increase Balance at 31 March 2023 Balance at 31 March 2025 Net Profit for the year Transfer to Retaind losses Net loss for the year Transfer to Retaind losses Capital 110,278,500 36,980,000 EGP 73,298,500 36,980,000 Capital increase Paid under EGP (73,298,500) 150,665,736 77,367,173 73,298,564 77,367,236 (Loss) (21,969,705) 21,969,705 21,969,705 (7,924,938) 9,320,161 EGP 7,924,938 Net 9,320,161 Retained losses (49,617,820) EGP (57,542,758) (35,573,052)21,969,705 (7,924,938) Total EGP 161,392,845 152,072,684 77,367,173 52,735,806 21,969,705 9,320,161

The accompanying policies and the notes from page number (8) to (20) form an integral part of these financial statements

PIDILITE INDUSTRIES EGYPT S.A.E STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 'FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

	2025	2024
	EGP	EGP
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net Profit (loss) for the year before tax	12 098 349	21 663 881
Adjustments to reconcile net loss with cash flows		
from operating activities		
Depreciation	1 089 020	771 829
Bad debts allowance	204 297	(4 772)
Imperment of Inventory release	1 348 763	(60 946)
Provision for Employees Terminal Benefits - Gratuity	150 452	_
Operating profit before changes in working capital	14 890 881	22 369 992
Change in working capital		
Change in inventory	(20 396 245)	1 062 592
Change in Account Receivables	1 028 045	747
Change in Other Receivables	(2 872 800)	(6 763 660)
Change in Account Payables	2 532 829	(14 071 130)
Change in Other Payables	(2 799 060)	2 991 085
Cash flow (used in) operating activities	(22 507 231)	(16 780 366)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Payment in respect of purchasing fixed assets	(510 608)	(590 207)
Change in Projects under process	(976 382)	-
Cash flows (used in) investing activities	(1 486 990)	(590 207)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Loan	-	(12 319 520)
Paid under capital increase	-	77 367 173
Cash flows generated from financing activities	•	65 047 653
Change in cash and cash equivalents during the year	(9 103 340)	70 047 072
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	81 172 030	11 124 958
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	72 068 689	81 172 030

1- General

- 1-1 The Company was established as an joint stock company under the investment Law and by virtue of the minister of economy and foreign trade's decree No 165 of 1997 which was published in the official investment gazette, edition 436 on April 26, 1997. The Company was registered in the Investment Commercial Registry under no. 30 178 on March 13, 1997.
- 1-2 The Company Extraordinary General Assembly meeting on 13/2/2006 decide to change the name of the Company from Sadafco Foodstuff & Drinks Company to Pidilite Industries Egypt and the activity to producing and packing all kinds of resins and adhesives as well as sealants, paints, building chemicals and all related materials and the GAFI approved the changes by decision Number 411/2006 at April 2006 and registered in commercial registrar at 2/5/2006.

1-3 The objectives of the Company are:

Establishing and operating a factory for producing and packing all kinds of resins and adhesives as well as sealants, paints, building chemicals and all related materials. The Company may make other projects or amend its purpose in the light of the provisions of the investment law, also it may participate in any manner what so ever in subsidiary projects taking into consideration the provisions of law No. 59/1995 and the provisions of the investment law, provided that the Company should obtain all the licenses necessary for practicing its activity.

2- Significant accounting polices

2-1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared under the going concern assumption on a historical cost basis, except for available for sale financial assets that are measured at fair value.

2-2 Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company are prepared in accordance with the Egyptian accounting standards and the applicable laws and regulations.

The Financial Statement are authorized for issue by The Board of Directors

2-3 Changes in accounting policies

The accounting policies adopted this year are consistent with those of the previous year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

2-4 Foreign currency translation

The financial statements are prepared and presented in Egyptian pound, which is the company's functional currency. Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded using the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated using the exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date.

2-5 Fixed assets and depreciation

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment when that cost is incurred, if the recognition criteria are met. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred, and this cost depreciated with similar annual premium during the producing life of each asset according to the following rates:

Machinery & Equipment	10%
Buildings-Factory	5%
Furniture	10%
Fixtures	20 %
Laboratory Equipment	10%
Computers	33%
Automobiles	25%
Office Equipment	10%
Tools & Dyes	20%

Depreciation of an asset begins when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management and is computed using the straight-line method according to the estimated useful life of the asset.

2-6 Investments in subsidiary

The investments in subsidiary are initially recorded at cost.

2-7 The inventory elements are valued as follows:

Raw materials and packing materials: at the lower of cost (using the Weight Average Method) or net realizable value.

Finished products: at the lower of the cost of production (based on the costing sheets) or net realizable value.

Cost of production includes direct material, direct labor and allocated share of manufacturing overhead and excluding borrowing costs

Work in process: at the cost of production (of the latest completed phase based on the costing sheets).

Cost includes allocated share of direct material, direct labor and allocated share of manufacturing overhead until latest completed phase and excluding borrowing costs Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

The amount of any write down of inventories to net realizable value and all losses of inventories shall be recognized in the statement of income in the year the write down or loss occurs according to an authorized study takes into consideration all technical and market bases to estimate any write down. The amount of any reversal of any write down of inventories, arising from an increase in net realizable value, shall be recognized in the statement of income in the year in which the reversal occurs.

2-8 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Provisions are reviewed at the financial position date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

2-9 Revenue recognition

Revenue from sales is recognized when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- (a) The company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the sales;
- (b) The company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- (c) The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- (d) It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the company; and
- (e) The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

2-10 Expenses

All expenses including operating expenses, general and administrative expenses and other expenses are recognized and charged to the statement of income in the financial year in which these expenses were incurred.

2-11 Accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses during the financial years. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

2-12 Statement of cash flows

The statement of cash flows is prepared using the indirect method.

2-13 Cash and cash equivalent

For the purpose of preparing the cash flow statement, the cash and cash equivalent comprise cash on hand, current accounts with banks and time deposits maturing within three months less bank credit balance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

3. Property Plant and Equipments

4 621 475	125 124	56 472		352 243	48 922	1 147 912	1 121 612	1 769 191		Net book value at 31 March 2024
4 043 064	25 340	47 298		381 305	38 592	1 147 912	976 249	1 426 367		Net Book Value at 31 March2025
25 980 168	612 081	179 466	333 596	625 261	331 386		3 886 054	5 430 113	14 582 210	Balance at end of the year
1 089 020	99 784	14 774		223 745	10 329		189 363	342 824	208 201	Depreciation for the year
24 891 140	512 298	164 692	333 596	401 516	321 057		3 696 691	5 087 289	14 374 009	Balance at 1 April 2024
										Accumulated Depreciation
30 023 23	637 421	226 764	333 596	1 006 566	369 979	1 147 912	4 862 303	6 856 479	14 582 210	Balance at 31 March 2025
310 000		5 600		252 807			44 000	T,	208 201	Additions
29 512 623	637 421	221 164	333 596	753 759	369 979	1 147 912	4 818 303	6 856 479	14 374 009	Cost at 1 April 2024
EGP	EGP	EGP	EGP	EGP	EGP	EGP	EGP	EGP	EGP	
Total	Tools	Office Equipment	Automobiles	Computers & software	Laboratory Equipment	Land	Furniture & Fixtures	Buildings- Factory	Machinery & Equipment	

Projects under process

Super Glow Production Line

The company has initiated the construction of a new production line for "Super Glow" during the current fiscal year. This project is classified as a work in progress (WIP) and is expected to enhance production capacity upon completion. Costs incurred during the construction phase, including materials, labor, and overheads, are capitalized as part of the project's total investment. Further updates will be provided upon project finalization and commissioning. The projects under process as of March 31, 2025, amounted to 976,382 EGP

	31 March 2025 EGP	31 March 2024 EGP
Note 5 : Inventory		
Raw material	29 046 498	11 090 405
Packing material	9 058 366	5 813 249
Raw material in transit	2 299 833	8 466 397
Finished goods	8 502 105	2 867 269
Promotional Goods Stock		273 237
	48 906 801	28 510 556
Provision for Inventory	(1 376 368)	(27 605)
Net inventory	47 530 433	28 482 951
Note 1/5 : Provision for Inventory		
Provision for Packing material	534 473	-
Provision for Raw Material	805 122	-
Provision for Finished Goods	36 773	27 605
	1 376 368	27 605

	31 March 2025 EGP	31 March 2024 EGP
Note 6 : Account receivables		
Account Receivables		
Unsecured	50 827 219	51 855 264
Provision for doubtful Account receivables	(1 035 049)	(830 752)
Total Receivables	49 792 170	51 024 512
Trade receivables from:		40.470.074
Others	27 920 601	18 173 371
Related Parties	22 906 618	33 681 894
Total	50 827 219	51 855 265 51 855 265
Current	50 827 219	51 635 203
Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts		
Balance at beginning of the year - April 1, 2024/ 2023	830 752	835 525
a) Impairment losses recognised in the year based on ECL		
On receivables originated in the year	204 297	(61 671)
Amounts recovered during the year		
Amounts written off during the year as uncollectible	•	56 899
Balance at end of the year - March 31, 2025/ 2024	1 035 049	830 752

Note 7 : Other Receivables	31 March 2025 EGP	31 March 2024 EGP
Withholding Taxes	5 287 217	4 230 510
Other Prepaid Expense	1 913 716	1 107 571
Mis. Receivables	2 312 074	1 804 312
Advance from suppliers	4 327 498	5 019 000
Advances and loans for employees	951 217	490 214
Rent Deposit	66 000	116 000
Additional Tax		37 315
Value Added Tax Authority	820 000	-
-	15 677 723	12 804 923

Note 8 : Cash and cash equivalents	31 March 2025 EGP	31 March 2024 EGP
Cash	82 097	188 368
Bank EGP	8 004 726	47 482 544
Bank -USD	16 171 376	33 497 141
Bank EURO	4 149	3 976
Deposits EGP	8 549 143	-
Deposits USD	39 257 198	•
	72 068 689	81 172 030

Note 9 : Paid up capital

Note 1/9 : Issued capital

The Company's issued and paid up capital amounts to EGP 36,980,000 divided into 369800 shares of par value L.E.100 each

Note 2/9: Paid up capital

The paid up capital amounts to EGP 36,980,000 which represents 100% of Issued capital

Note 4/9: Capital Increase

Based on Minutes of extraordinary General Assembly Meeting Of pidilite Industries Egypt a Egyption Joint Stock Company incorporated under Low 230 for the year 1989, In the Thursday.27th June,2024. The shareholders agree to increase the capital.

The company Capital consists of 1,102,785 shares (one million one hundred and two thousand seven hundred and eighty-five shares. All of the company shares are nominative . The capital has been subscribed as follows :

Name	Nationalty	Quantity of shares	National Value in Egyption Pounds	Particiation rate
Pidilite International PTE Ltd	Singapore	1 069 339	106 933 900	97%
Pidilite Industries Ltd	India	22 246	2 224 600	2%
Pidilite Middle East Ltd	The United Arab Emirates	11 20 0	112 000	1%
Total		1 102 785	110 278 500	100%

The precentage of foreign participation is 100%, and the increase was financed from the credit balance due to the company shareholders, which appeared in the financial position on 31/03/2023 and approves by the Authority Economic Performance Sector on 02/11/2024.

Note 10 : Provision Tax Provision Provision for compliance penalty charges Provision for Employees Terminal Benefits - Gratuity Total Note 11 : Account payables Account payables Account Payables - Related Parties	360 000 250 000 - 610 000	150 452 150 452 150 452	360 000 250 000 150 452 760 452
Provision for compliance penalty charges Provision for Employees Terminal Benefits - Gratuity Total Note 11 : Account payables Account payables		150 452 150 452	150 452 760 452
Provision for Employees Terminal Benefits - Gratuity Total Note 11 : Account payables Account payables		150 452	760 452
otal Note 11 : Account payables Account payables	610 000	150 452	
Note 11 : Account payables Account payables	610 000		
Account payables		31 March 2025	
Account payables			31 March 2024
		EGP	EGP
Account Payables - Related Parties		5 152 083	6 130 003
		19 781 782	16 271 033
		24 933 865	22 401 036
Note 12 :Other Payables		31 March 2025 EGP	31 March 2024 EGP
Accrued Expense		3 400 489	4 013 440
Notes payable		1 597 541	1 755 088
		225 107	183 203
Payroll Tax Authority		48 748	70 221
Withholding Tax		445 317	300 976
Social Insurance Authority		28 340	1 586 013
Advances from Customers		20 340	644 352
Value Added Tax Authority		11 754	3 062
Martyres support box		5 757 295	8 556 355
Note 13 : Cost of goods sold		EGP	EGP
		99,016,007	86,824,340
Materials Cost Salaries		6,410,607	5,046,207
Gas & Electricity		1,282,957	827,621
Employee Welfare Expenses		934,566	621,071
Employees Terminal Benefits - Gratuity		50,000	712 000
Repairs and Maintenance		761,936 754,608	712,806 523,415
Car Rent		701,713	553,198
Company Share of Social Security		234,767	350,510
Consumable Materials		211,200	192,000
Security Charges Petrol & Oil		178,115	164,395
Insurance		241,767	184,733
Other Expenses		137,604	210,008
Water Expense		106,769	105,99
Professional Fees		221,116 191,229	163,92° 156,24
Dues and Memberships Expense		77,503	64,95
Buffet expenses		47,581	34,21
Telephone and Fax		3,660	10,35
Rent – Equipment Stationery and Office Supplies		19,247	13,19
Travel and Entertainment		4,272	24,93
Postage		935	8,33
Inventory Impairment		1,348,763 112,936,921	96,731,50

Note 14 : Selling, General & Administrative expenses	2025 EGP	2024 EGP	
Sales Promotion	7 639 244	6 942 570	
Salaries	11 483 068	9 781 857	
Royalty	2 268 226	2 189 259	
Freight Charges - Delivery to Customers	2 003 980	1 716 938	
Travel and Entertainment	1 835 768	1 211 815	
Export Transportation	2 036 008	1 243 312	
Employee Welfare	956 805	797 126	
Employee Education	11 200		
Company Share of Social Security	667 475	613 211	
Certification & Documentation	63 036		
Professional Fees	710 329	1 047 988	
Governmental medical charges	399 583	370 179	
Bank Service charges	495 274	294 144	
Housekeeping expenses	163 348	133 803	
Insurance	192 036	162 295	
Telephone and Fax	112 093	104 333	
Rent/Lease Exp. – Land and Buildings	291 068	76 317	
Repairs and Maintenance	122 056	157 879	
Miscellaneous	66 674	85 324	
Buffet expenses	104 719	80 687	
Stationery and Office Supplies	74 961	41 891	
External audit fees	48 300	40 25	
Dues and Memberships Expense	100 481	37 940	
Internet Expenses	93 652	58 282	
Postage	19 197	16 588	
Heat Light and Power	13 522	10 663	
Employees Terminal Benefits	80 113	1 864 33	
Other Expenses		234 44	
One Expenses	32 052 215	29 313 42	
	2025	2024	
Note 15 :Finance Cost	EGP	EGP	
Debit Interest	(303 452) 4 333 597	(381 35	
Credit Interest	4 030 145	(381 35	

	31 March 2	2025	31 March 2024		
Note 16 : Deferred Tax	EGP		EGP		
Tax effect of items constituting Deferred Tax Liabilities					
On difference between book and tax depreciation	82	2 321	484 753		
Tax effect of items constituting Deferred Tax Liabilities	82	2 321	484 753		
Tax effect of items constituting Deferred Tax Assets					
Provision for inventory	1 348	3 763	(60 946)		
Gratuity provision	150	452			
Provision for Doubtful Debts	204	1 297	(4 772)	_	
Tax effect of items constituting Deferred Tax Assets	1 703	3 512	(65 718)	_	
Tax Income Corporate Rate	2	22.5%	22.5%	_	
TOTAL NET Deferred Tax Assets/(Liability)	40	1 812	94 283		
	31 March	2025	31 March 2024		
Reconciliation between accounting and Tax Profit	EGP		EGP	_	
Book Profit (loss) before tax	12 09	8 349	21 663 881		
Add back					
Illustrative items :					
Book depreciation	1 089	9 020	771 829		
Bad debts provision	20-	4 297	(4 772))	
Gratuity provision	15	0 452			
Inventory provision	1 34	8 763	(60 946)	
Governmental medical charges	39	9 583	370 179		
Bad debts write off	9	9 530	56 899		
Deduct					
Illustrative items :					
Tax depreciation	(1 16	69 225)	(1 256 582	<u>)</u>	
	14 22	20 769	21 540 488	_	
Tax Profit (loss) before tax	14 22	20 769	21 540 488	<u> </u>	
	tree days of the land of the land	(506 471)		(22 043 957)	
Retained losses		13 714 298		(503 469)	
Net effect profit Tax Income Corporate Rate	***************************************	22.5%	22.59	/ 6	
TOTAL Income Tax	3 0	3 085 717		 	
	04.00	- 2025	31 March 2024		
	31 March			USD	
Note 17 : Transactions in Foreign Currencies	EGP	USD	EGP		
Export Debtors Import Creditors	18 418 884 (85 121 078)	376 722 (1 685 566)	11 405 224 (44 645 358)	355 576 (1 354 064	

Note 18 : Contingent Liabilities & Commitments

Contingent Liabilities (Corporate tax)
 Years 2009:2022

The tax authority has arbitrary estimated the income tax for periods 2009:2022 but alignment with the internal committee of the tax authority to close the dispute internally. The new estimate of the potential tax liabilities is EGP 3.26Mn.

- Contingent Liabilities (Social insurance)
 - Case No. 2720 of 2019, Civilian, Shebin El-Kom, Filed by the company against the National Social Insurance Authority which was the subject of an appeal against the claim issued by the National Social Insurance Authority against the company with a total value of only 6,464,347.74 EGP, amounting to six million four hundred and four Sixty-three hundred and seventy-four pounds and only seventy-four piasters) which ended with a ruling in favor of company before the court of first instance by canceling the contested claim and recalculating it according to what was stated in the report of the assigned expert in the case, whose report concluded with calculating an amount of 83,297 pounds as wage differences for the period from 2016/ 1/4 until 3/31/2017 and an amount of 109,234 EGP for the period from 4/1/2017 until 3/31/2018. Then the National Social Insurance Authority appealed this ruling, and it was decided by rejecting it and upholding the appealed ruling.

The current position:

Cancel the claim amount and pay the dues ruled by the court mentioned above, which total 192,531 Egyptian pounds, in addition to legal interest Owed to this amount.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Note 19: Tax position

Corporate tax

- Years 2006/2008

- 1. The company has submitted tax returns on the legal due date.
- 2. Tax Authority sent a form 19 tax for 2006-2008 with a number 4129 issued on March 29, 2012 with tax differentials of 467,732 other than delayed fines. The legal deadline was challenged on April 23, 2012. The tax appeal committees were referred, and the decision was issued in support of the Mamore for not attending.
- 3. A court lawsuit was filed during the circulation of the tax file. A request was submitted to the Committee for the termination of disputes. The tax differences of 149,801 were agreed upon pending receipt of the recommendation decision from the Minister's Office.
- 4. The recommendation decision has been received and will be submitted to the Tax Authority for the execution.

Years 2009:2022

 The tax authority has arbitrary estimated the income tax for periods 2009:2022 but alignment with the internal committee of the tax authority to close the dispute internally. The new estimate of the potential tax liabilities is EGP 3.26Mn.

- Year 2023:2025

1. The tax authority has not yet asked for tax inspections.

Payroll tax position: Years 2006/2025

- 1. The company submits the payroll tax report monthly to the authority.
- 2. The Company has not been requested for stamp tax inspection.

Stamp tax position: Years 2006/2025

1. The Company has not been requested for stamp tax inspection.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

VAT position:

Periods from 2016 till March 2017

- 2. The company submits the VAT report monthly and the release is based on the submitted report.
- 3. From 2008 till March 2017 the inspections have been done, and form 15 has been sent under number 1368 dated 23-Sept-2019 and that was appealed by date 01-Oct-2019.
- 4. The file has been sent to the appeal committee and a decision has been issued by EGP 967,492. EGP 398,011 has been paid, and it has been decided to raise a legal case against the authority by the remaining amount. The case is still at the court for the final hearing session.

Periods from 1st April 2017 till 31st March 2023

1. The authority has notified the company by the inspection process and the data collection and analysis are in process to be sent to the authority.

Withholding tax position: Years 2006/2025

- 1. The Company submitted the returns (Form No.41) on the legal due date and paid the tax due accordingly.
- 2. The Company has not been requested for withholding tax inspection.

Social insurance position:

1. The Company paid the social insurance on the legal due date.

Note 20: Legal position

Commercial Lawsuit No. 5948 of the 76 judicial year, Cairo, Filed by the company against Minister of Finance.

- Case No. 5948 of 1976, circulated in the State Council, regarding the value-added tax for the tax periods from 1/6/2008 to 3/31/2017.
- The court issued a ruling on 2/28/2024, acquitting the company of the amount of the tax differences included in the value of the reasons and operative part of the ruling. Which has not yet been copied and is being followed up to receive its official copy and executive form.